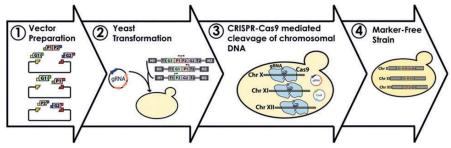
#### **EXPLOITABLE FOREGROUND**

# Genetic engineering toolbox for manipulation of industrial yeast strains

## **Explanation and Purpose**

Polyploid industrial strains of Saccharomyces cerevisiae can be rapidly engineered using the provided genetic toolbox. The toolbox comprises a set of integrative vectors that target eleven specific well-characterized genomic locations. The vectors allow for selection in prototrophic yeast strains using six different dominant selection markers. The markers can subsequently be removed using loxP/creA recombination. Alternatively, the integration is ensured by CRISPR/Cas9 system. The vectors allow for efficient overexpression of multiple genes.

CRISPR/Cas vectors can also be employed for gene deletions and other genome edits, including combinations of several different genome edits in a single transformation event.



## **Exploitation Strategy**

The vector toolbox has been distributed to 30+ academic and industrial laboratories. The vectors are available for research use via public despository – Addgene, including user guidelines:

https://www.addgene.org/kits/borodina-easyclone-v2/

https://www.addgene.org/kits/borodina-easyclone-markerfree/

https://www.addgene.org/browse/article/22359/

For commercial use, the standard terms of Technical University of Denmark apply.

Detailed description of the toolbox is included in the following research papers:

- Stovicek V., Borodina I., Forster J. (2015): CRISPR-Cas system enables fast and simple genome editing of industrial Saccharomyces cerevisiae strains. Metabolic Engineering Communications 2:13-22
- Stovicek V., Borja G., Forster J., Borodina I. (2015): EasyClone 2.0: Expanded toolkit of integrative vectors for stable gene expression in industrial Saccharomyces cerevisiae strains. Journal of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology 42(11):1519-1531
- 3. Jessop-Fabre MM, Jakočiūnas T, Stovicek V, Dai Z, Jensen MK, Keasling J, Borodina I. (2016): EasyClone-MarkerFree: A vector toolkit for marker-less integration of genes into *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Biotechnol J* 1(8):1110-1117

### IPR Measures

For commercial exploitation, refer to general CRISPR patents (if any) in the given country.

## Impact of Exploitation

Industrial strains of S. cerevisiae can be engineered rapidly and efficiently using the developed genetic toolbox.

Development of 2nd Generation Biorefineries - Production of Dicarboxylic Acids and Bio-based Polymers Derived Thereof



#### **Contact for Exploitable Result**

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